





EU-AU Research and Innovation Partnership on Food and Nutrition Security and Sustainable Agriculture (FNSSA Partnership) Africa-Europe : Challenges and Opportunities in Research and Cooperation

Bologna, 15 April 2025

Dr. Rosalinda SCALIA

European Commission,

**Directorate General Research & Innovation,** 

**Deputy Head of** 

**Unit Bioeconomy and Food Systems** 

As part of the HLPD on Science Technology and Innovation

#### **HLPD** in a nutshell

#### **Africa-EU-Partnership**

- 1st AU-EU Summit in Cairo, Egypt 2000
- Formal political channel of AU-EU cooperation relations



#### Joint Africa-EU strategy (JAES)

- 2nd AU-EU Summit in Lisbon, Portugal 2007
- Long-term strategic partnership of the AU-EU cooperation
- Prioritising Research and Innovation

#### AU-EU High Level Policy Dialogue (HLPD) on Science, Technology and Innovation

- 3rd AU-EU Summit in Tripoli, Libya 2010
- Platform for regular exchange on Research & Innovation (R&I) AU-EU policy







### **Timeline of the FNSSA Partnership**

#### 2014 EU-Africa Summit

• Establishment of EU-Africa Expert Group to draft a Roadmap towards an EU-Africa R&I Partnership on FNSSA

## 2016 AU-EU High Level Policy Dialogue on Science, Technology and Innovation Senior Officials Meeting

Adoption of the Roadmap (2016-2026)

#### 2017 Establishment of the FNSSA Working Group

First Meeting of the Working Group







# Food and Nutrition Security and Sustainable Agriculture (FNSSA) Partnership

- The first agreed common priority research and innovation area, as part of the AU-EU High Level Policy Dialogue (HLPD) on Science, Technology and Innovation (STI), embedded in the Joint Africa-EU Strategy (JAES).
- Addresses the challenges set out in UN Sustainable Development Goal 2 on ending hunger, achieving food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture.
- Aims to boost the impact of AU-EU joint research at local level by addressing the entire value-chain, strengthening capacity-building (human, research infrastructures and institutional) and focusing on demonstration projects and pilot actions to bring research and innovation results to users.









### Working Group of the R&I Partnership on FNSSA

## Co-chaired by the African Union Commission (AUC) and the European Commission (EC)

- Representatives from: Egypt, France, Ghana, Germany, The Netherlands, Nigeria, Portugal, South Africa, Sudan, and Sweden
- Responsibilities:
  - Oversight of the implementation of the FNSSA Roadmap
  - Facilitating coordination among various instruments and stakeholders
  - Monitoring and evaluating the FNSSA Partnership and Roadmap implementation
- Support: 2017 RINEA project, 2018-2022 LEAP4FNSSA project, 2023-> CEA-FIRST project









# The FNSSA Roadmap 2016-2026 PRIORITY RESEARCH AND INNOVATION AREAS

- SUSTAINABLE INTENSIFICATION
- AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SYSTEMS FOR NUTRITION
- EXPANSION AND IMPROVEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL MARKETS AND TRADE
- CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES: RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURES, CAPACITY BUILDING, EARTH OBSERVATION
- OBJECTIVES
  - Enhance coordination
  - o Operate across the entire value chain
  - Design, own, manage, and resource jointly
  - Recognize and address cross-cutting issues



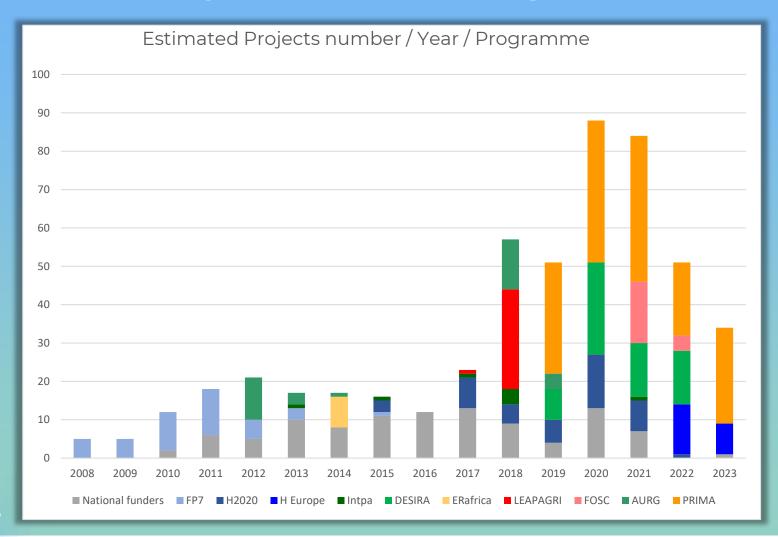




# The FNSSA Roadmap 2016-2026 PROJECTS IMPLEMENTING THE PARTNERSHIP

#### **FUNDING AND CO-FUNDING TOOLS**

- The number of projects implemented during last 15 years has increased markedly from 2016.
- Launch of innovative LEAP-Agri, FOSC, AURG, DESIRA and PRIMA programmes with an increase of 500% of projects number when comparing the 2017-2023 period to the 2010-2016 period.











# The FNSSA Roadmap 2016-2026 ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE PARTNERSHIP

- FUNDING: MORE THAN 1B€ (+800M€ BY EC) MOBILIZED BY SEPTEMBER 2024
  - Horizon 2020 (41 projects) + Horizon Europe (21 projects)
  - PRIMA (20 European & African countries co-funding 238 joint projects)
  - o FOSC (18 European & African countries co-funding 22 joint R&I projects)
  - LEAP-Agri (18 European & African countries co-funding 27 joint R&I projects)
  - Development Cooperation Instrument (African Union Research Grants II, 32 projects in 30 African countries; DeSIRA, 61 projects in 30 African countries)









# The FNSSA Roadmap 2027-2037 UPDATE OF THE PRIORITY AREAS

- A process initiated by the HLPD Bureau to renew the FNSSA Roadmap 2016-2026 for the next 10-year period
- Update process to be guided by the AU-EU HLPD Working Group on FNSSA
- Supported by the CEA-FIRST Project
  - Review of the implementation of the FNSSA Roadmap 2016-2026 and Recommendations for developing the Roadmap 2027 – 2037 conducted in Autumn 2024
- Linked to the development of the AU-EU International Research Consortium on FNSSA







# The AU-EU International Research Consortium on FNSSA (IRC)



- Outcome of the European Union Horizon 2020 Coordination & Support Action project LEAP4FNSSA (2018-2022)
  - main objective to provide a tool for European and African institutions to engage in a Sustainable Partnership Platform for research and innovation on FNSSA
- Transitioning the AU-EU FNSSA Partnership to a long-term sustainable Platform to improve the implementation of the FNSSA Roadmap
- An alliance of Research and Innovation stakeholders with a long-term and sustainable governance and funding mechanism, and a knowledge management and communication system







# The AU-EU International Research Consortium on FNSSA (IRC)



#### Objectives:

- 1. Increase the synergies and coherence between actors, research and innovation projects, initiatives and programmes
- 2. Develop a learning environment and a large knowledge base
- 3. Establish a long term and sustainable coordination infrastructure, governance and funding mechanism.
- 4. Liaise with the HLPD Bureau.

#### Founding launch in September 2022

- o Aims to be operational in Winter/Spring 2025, manuscript available
- Operationalised by the CEA-FIRST project (2023-2027)







## **Project: CLEVERFOOD**

<u>CLEVERFOOD</u> is an EU Food 2030 project that will:

Develop a new food science education toolkit for formal, non-formal and informal settings, including science centres and museums.

Create a **food system lab travelling exhibition** will visit science centres and museums in **5 different countries** introducing the theme of food system transformation to different audiences.

#### Project Information

#### **CLEVERFOOD**

Grant agreement ID: 101086320

#### DOI

10.3030/101086320

#### Start date

End date

1 January 2023

31 December 2026

#### Funded under

Food, Bioeconomy Natural Resources, Agriculture and Environment

#### **Total cost**

€ 7 999 981.25



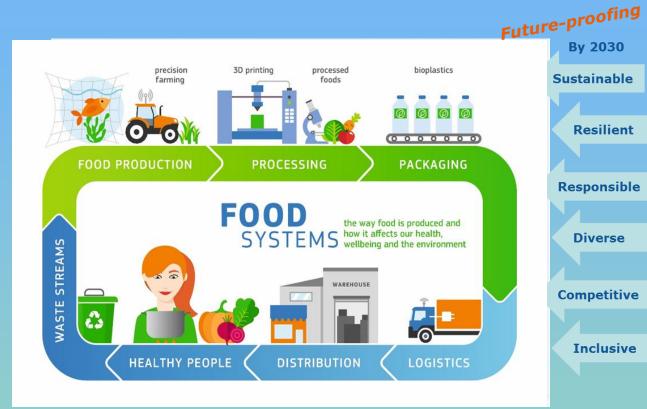
**EU contribution** € 7 999 981

#### Coordinated by KOBENHAVNS UNIVERSITET

Denmark

## Food 2030: R&I Policy Framework of IA5





- Need for a systemic approach to future-proofing food systems by structuring, connecting and scaling-up R&I
- To provide evidence for policies and solutions (knowledge, methods, technologies, services, business models, etc) addressing 4 priorities.



#### **Priorities**



**NUTRITION** for sustainable and healthy diets



**CLIMATE** smart and environmentally sustainable food systems



**CIRCULARITY and resource efficiency of food** systems



**INNOVATION** and empowerment of communities



Drivers

Research breakthroughs



Innovation and Investment



**Open Science** 



**International collaboration** 

Research and Innovation

### Food 2030 Pathways for Action 2.0











Pathway 1	Governance for food systems change
Pathway 2	Urban food systems transformatioin
Pathway 3	Food from oceans and freshwater resources
Pathway 4	Alternative proteins for dietary shift
Pathway 5	Food waste and resource-efficient food systems
Pathway 6	The microbiome world
Pathway 7	Nutrition & sustainable healthy diets
Pathway 8	Food safety systems of the future
Pathway 9	Food systems Africa
Pathway 10	Data & digital transformation
Pathway 11	Zero-pollution food systems





## Food 2030 pathways

The approach should be "systemic" –
delivering co-benefits,
inter/transdisciplinary and multi-actor
including primary producers, processors,
retailers, food-services, civil society,
researchers, policymakers, etc.

Placed-based approaches will be key to testing, demonstrating, experimenting, deploying, partnering, learning, sharing!!

All types of innovation: social, governance, technology ...

Over 100 projects and 760 M EUR









## Horizon 2020, SFS 34 2019: Food systems Africa 3 projects for EUR 21 M

Project	Description
InnoFoodAfrica - Locally-driven co-development of plant-based value chains towards more sustainable African food system with healthier diets and export potential	8/2020-7/2023, RIA, EUR 6.466 M Addressing key bottlenecks of African food systems, limited access to urban markets, affordability and convenience by local actions to develop novel technologies in agriculture, food manufacturing and use of residual biomass for packaging.
HealthyFoodAfrica - Improving nutrition in Africa by strengthening the diversity, sustainability, resilience and connectivity of food systems	6/2020-11/2024, RIA, EUR 6.917 M Raise consumer awareness about healthy nutrition, whilst enhancing the capacity of producers and food system actors to deliver diverse, nutritious, high quality, affordable food. The approach is co-developed in ten context-specific Innovation Food System Labs in Ghana, Benin, Ethiopia, Uganda, Kenya & Zambia.
FOODLAND - FOOD and Local, Agricultural, and Nutritional Diversity	9/2020-8/2024, RIA, EUR 7 M FOODLAND will create and validate (TRL 5) 12 prototypes for crop and fish farming and food processing systems that will deliver 17 novel food products. FOODLAND will empower smallholder farmers and food operators to foster nutrition-responsive and sustainable agro-biodiversity in 14 local innovation food hubs.



### Horizon Europe CL6-2022 F2F 01-14 Food Cities Africa and Malnutrition Africa: 3 projects for EUR 28 M

Project	Description
AfriFOODlinks – Transforming Africa`s Urban Food Environment through Strengthening Linkages beween Systems Stakeholders in Cities across the Continent and Europe	12/2022-11/2026, RIA, EUR 11.8 M AfriFOODlinks aims to improve food and nutrition security, while delivering co-benefits for climate, the environment, and social and ecological resilience in 65+ Cities (15 African, 5 European and 40+ Network Cities) by promoting shifts to healthy, sustainable diets, transforming urban food environments; promoting inclusive governance and innovative food businesses.
INCITIS-FOOD - Integrated and Circular Technologies for Sustainable city region FOOD systems in Africa	1/2023-12/2026, RIA, EUR 6 M INCITIS-FOOD aims to develop science based circular food solutions, suitable for African cities to overcome deficiencies of proteins, vegetables and fruits following a multi-actor approach of circular food innovations and business models, with 8 city Living Labs in 6 countries from 3 African regions (East: Kenya; West: Ghana, Nigeria, Sierra Leone; Central: Cameroon, Gabon).
HealthyDiets4Africa Combating Malnutrition in Africa Through Diversification of the Food System	1/2023-12/2028, RIA, EUR 10,3 M HealthyDiets4Africa is targeting diversification of food systems to combat all forms of malnutrition with co-benefits for the environment. Dietary diversity is monitored in 8 African countries of different regions. Targeted groupspecific metrics to measure the diversity of food systems and their health outcomes will be developped.



## Horizon Europe CL6-2023 F2F 01-20 Food Safety Africa: 2 projects for EUR 10 M

Project	Description
<u>UP-RISE</u>	01/2024-12/2027, RIA, EUR 5 M The UP-RISE EU-African Union (AU) project integrates food safety practices associated to mycotoxin contamination into all aspects of food production, distribution, marketing and consumption in the AU and provides tangible tools and strategies to enhance inclusive participation in the improved African Food Safety System (AFSS) at the local, national and regional level. UP-RISE activities are aligned with the current AU Food Safety Strategy for Africa, focusing on 3 regions of the AU with field work in 5 target member states (Benin, Côte d'Ivoire, Nigeria, Kenya, and South-Africa).
Food Safety for Africa	01/2024-12/2027, RIA, EUR 5 M The Food Safety for Africa (FS4Africa) proposal is designed to address food safety challenges in Africa. Focus is given to addressing food safety issues associated with weak channels for value chain organisation, traceability & authentication of safe food. Food safety challenges addressed include mycotoxin contamination in multiple food crops including food and feed, pesticide residues in grains and vegetables, microbial contamination particularly Escherichia coli contamination, and food adulteration of foods.



# Horizon Europe CL6-2024 F2F01-11 EU-African Union – towards climate-neutral, social just fair-trade food systems 2 projects for EUR 9 M

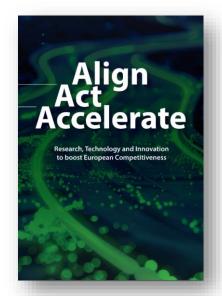
Project	Description
STREAMING	02/2025-07/2028, RIA, EUR 4.4 M The project STREAMING (Sustainable Trade Regimes with Europe and Africa through Mapping Innovation, New-technology and Growth-mindset) seeks to develop fair, healthy and sustainable food systems across the continent. By connecting research with practical application, STREAMING promotes innovation and entrepreneurship among diverse groups, including women, researchers and farmers. Through networking platforms, hubs and training programmes, the project aims to bridge academia and industry, fostering sustainable practices in African food trade. Additionally, STREAMING focuses on policy recommendations to enhance resilience against climate change and improve trade relations between Africa and Europe.
FCI4Africa	11/2024-10/2028, RIA, EUR 4.5 M The project FCI4Africa (Food Convergence Innovation for Africa) presents a holistic approach to agriculture that emphasizes fair, sustainable, and climate-neutral practices. Through a digital platform, it empowers farmers and businesses to achieve trade compliance while enhancing food safety. By evaluating certification criteria like deforestation-free, organic, and fair trade, FCI4Africa guides policymakers in fostering economic prosperity and social justice. Ultimately, this project aims to expand trading opportunities for African stakeholders, paving the way for a more equitable and sustainable agricultural sector.

## **EU Policy reports 2024**





The "Letta Report"



The "Heitor Report"



The "Draghi Report"



The "Strohschneider Report"



**FOOD** 2030

On 29 January 2025, the European Commission published the Competitiveness Compass as a guidance document for the next 5 years.







On 28 February 2025, the European Commission adopted two packages of proposals – Omnibus I and Omnibus II – to simplify EU rules, boost competitiveness, and unlock additional investment capacity.

Omnibus: A single legislative document that amends several other legislative acts.

Proposal for a

#### DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

amending Directives 2006/43/EC, 2013/34/EU, (EU) 2022/2464 and (EU) 2024/1760 as regards certain corporate sustainability reporting and due diligence requirements

(Text with EEA relevance)

{SWD(2025) 80}



## Vision for agriculture and food: 4 priority areas

- Building an attractive sector that ensures a fair standard of living and leverages new income opportunities
- (2) A competitive and resilient sector in the face of global challenges
- (3) Future-proofing the agri-food sector that works hand in hand with nature
- 4 Valuing food and fostering fair living and working conditions in vibrant rural areas

**Enabling environment**: putting research, innovation, knowledge and skills at the heart of Europe's agri-food economy

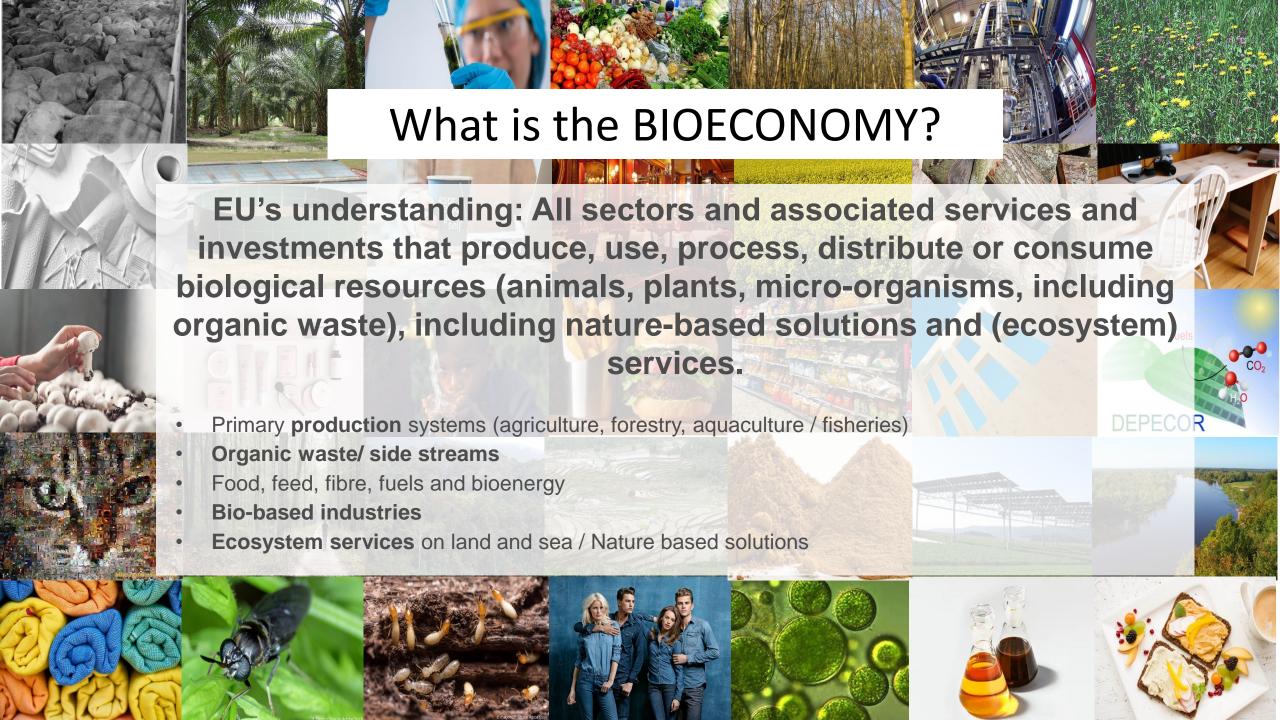




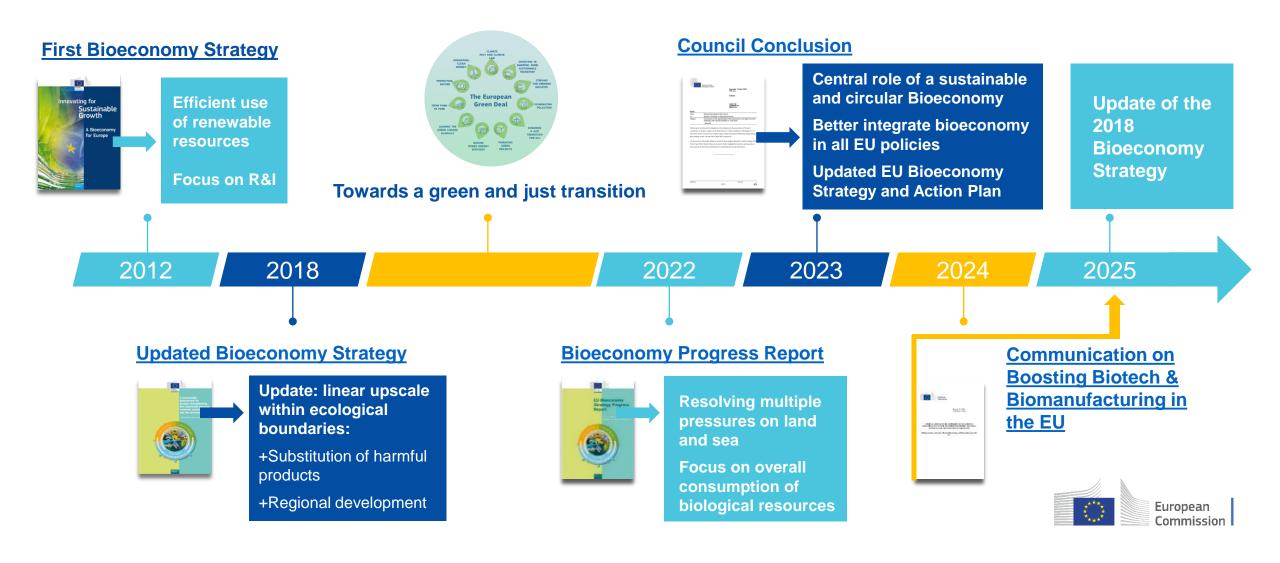
# New EU Bioeconomy Strategy in 2025







## Evolution of the EU Bioeconomy Strategy



# The EU Bioeconomy Strategy (2018): a cross-sectoral solution provider for

various objectives



- 5 strategic objectives
- Cross-sectoral policy framework (forestry, agriculture, marine / aquaculture, industry, R&I, ..)
- Strategic view on tradeoffs (e.g. scarce biomass), co-benefits (e.g. for climate)
- Holistic approach on all 3 dimensions of sustainability







#### **ENVIRONMENT**

the management of land and biological resources within ecologic boundaries

#### **ECONOMY**

sustainable value chains and consumption

#### SOCIETY

social fairness and a just transition

# Why do we need a New Bioeconomy Strategy?

FOOD 2030

- to address the gaps identified in the Progress Report
  - Tackle the potential biomass gap between increasing demand and sustainable sourcing of biomass
  - Offer consumers more sustainable and circular bio-based products
- to increase policy coherence across different policies and ensure links with up-coming initiatives
  - Accelerate circular economy approach in bioeconomy applications
  - Scale-up from "lab to fab" of bio-innovation, biotechnology and biomanufacturing
  - Boost innovations, high-tech and high value-added products and materials





## Bioeconomy is a hotspot for innovation



Finnish company offering an ecological alternative to ceramic bathroom products. Manufactures washbasins, toilets, tiles, etc. from an innovative wood composite material that reduces CO2 footprint by 99%





Dutch Avantium opened new factory to produce biobased chemicals at scale including PEF, that outperforms fossil-based PET for packaging & textile.

Result of PEFerence flagship of CBE JU.

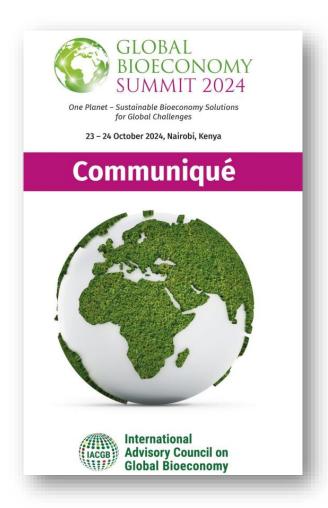


## **Fibenol**

Estonian start-up that developed a new generation of sugars, lignin and cellulose from hardwood residues. For a new era of biomaterials and bioproducts, helping industries do more with less. Result of Sweetwoods flagship of CBE JU.



# European Commission drives international bioeconomy cooperation





#### G20 Initiative on Bioeconomy (GIB)

G20 High-Level Principles on Bioeconomy

Recognizing the remarkable potential of bioeconomy to contribute to building a sustainable future and fostering economic growth for all, the G20 Initiative on Bioeconomy (GIB) has initiated the international debate on this innovative, complementary productive paradigm. Its members have decided on ten voluntary, non-binding High-Level Principles on Bioeconomy, according to which bioeconomy activities are expected to:

- Integrate and promote sustainable development across its economic, social and environmental dimensions, contribute to eradicating hunger and poverty and improving health and well-being, whilst ensuring global food security and nutrition.
- Be inclusive and equitable, uphold the rights of all persons, including Indigenous Peoples and members of local communities, promote gender equality and the participation of all stakeholders.
- Advance mitigation and adaptation efforts against global climate change, in line with applicable multilateral climate agreements.
- 4. Contribute to the conservation of **biodiversity**, the sustainable use of its components and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, subject to national laws and in line with applicable international agreements and instruments.
- Advance sustainable consumption and production patterns and the efficient and circular
  use of biological resources, whilst promoting the restoration and regeneration of degraded areas
  and ecosystems.
- 6. Be developed through safe, secure and responsible use of **science**, **technology**, **innovation** and **traditional knowledge**, with potential benefits, risks and impacts assessed scientifically.
- 7. Benefit from robust and coherent policy frameworks that foster trade for bioeconomy products and services, market conditions, sustainable business models, decent jobs, local value creation and private sector and civil society participation.



6th IBF Plenary Meeting

22 October 2024 Nairobi



# Thank you!



Food Systems & Food 2030 webpages

News & Events: Join FOOD 2030 Stakeholder list



Rosalinda.SCALIA@ec.europa.eu





